

## Legislative Council Staff

Nonpartisan Services for Colorado's Legislature

# **Final Fiscal Note**

**Drafting Number:** LLS 22-0732 **Date:** July 25, 2022 **Prime Sponsors:** Rep. Gonzales-Gutierrez Bill Status: Signed into Law Sen. Gonzales Fiscal Analyst: Aaron Carpenter | 303-866-4918 Aaron.Carpenter@state.co.us **Bill Topic: COURT-ORDERED RESTITUTION PAID BY JUVENILES** Summary of □ TABOR Refund ☐ State Revenue **Fiscal Impact:** □ Local Government □ State Transfer ☐ Statutory Public Entity The bill prohibits juvenile courts from ordering juveniles to pay restitution to an insurance company. The bill will minimally decrease state workload starting in FY 2022-23. **Appropriation** No appropriation is required. Summary: **Fiscal Note** The fiscal note reflects the enacted bill. Status:

## **Summary of Legislation**

The bill prohibits juvenile courts from ordering juveniles to pay restitution to an insurance company. A court may still order a juvenile to pay restitution to a victim for the portion of a victim's pecuniary loss from which a victim cannot be compensated under an insurance policy.

## **Background**

According to the Judicial Department, an average of 56 cases per year have orders to pay restitution on behalf of an insurance company. Table 1 outlines the number of cases, the total amounts assessed, and the total amount paid from 2016 to 2020. The amounts outlined in the table represent juvenile delinquency cases; however, cases include courts outside of juvenile court. In addition, the total assessed amounts and the total amounts paid in one year may come from different cases. Therefore, the amount paid may not have been assessed in the same year.

Table 1
Restitution Assessed and Paid to Insurance Companies by Juveniles

Calendar Year	Cases	<b>Total Assessed</b>	<b>Amount Paid</b>
2016	49	\$941,073	\$38,827
2017	73	\$484,272	\$17,098
2018	62	\$1,031,911	\$39,112
2019	50	\$1,115,943	\$51,311
2020	47	\$276,019	\$59,268
Total	234	\$3,573,199	\$146,348
Per Year Average	56	\$769,844	\$41,123

#### **State Expenditures**

Based on the number of cases outlined in the Background section, workload to the Judicial Department will decrease by a minimal amount from no longer collecting juvenile restitution payments to insurance companies. No change in appropriations is required.

#### **Effective Date**

This bill was signed into law by the Governor and took effect on June 7, 2022.

#### **State and Local Government Contacts**

District Attorneys Human Services Information Technology Judicial